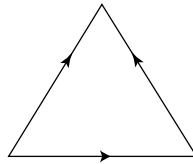


QUALIFYING EXAM IN GEOMETRY AND TOPOLOGY, SUMMER 2013

You should attempt all the problems. Partial credit will be give for serious efforts

Part I: Algebraic Topology

- (1) The “dunce cap” space is the quotient of a triangle (and its interior) obtained by identifying all three edges in an inconsistent manner, as shown in the picture below.
- (a) Find the fundamental group of the “dunce cap” space.
 - (b) Show that the “dunce cap” space is homotopy equivalent to a single point.



- (2) Let $V \subset S^1 \times S^1$ be the union of $S^1 \times \{x\}$ and $\{x\} \times S^1$, where x is a point in S^1 . Is the quotient map $q: S^1 \times S^1 \rightarrow S^2$ collapsing V to a point nullhomotopic? Justify your answer.
- (3) (a) Show that $\mathbb{R}P^3$ and $\mathbb{R}P^2 \vee S^3$ have the same homology and cohomology groups.
(b) Prove that $\mathbb{R}P^3$ and $\mathbb{R}P^2 \vee S^3$ are not homotopy equivalent.
- (4) Let M and N be closed orientable n -dimensional manifolds. Suppose there is a degree-one map $f: M \rightarrow N$. Prove that
- (a) f is surjective.
 - (b) $f_*: \pi_1(M) \rightarrow \pi_1(N)$ is surjective.

Part II: Differential Topology

Answer all questions. In your proofs, you may use any major theorem, except the fact you are trying to prove (or a variant of it). State clearly what theorems you use. Good luck.

Question 1

Let M be a smooth manifold and V, W smooth vector fields.

- Prove that $\mathcal{L}_V W = [V, W]$.
- Let V, W be the vector fields on \mathbb{R}^2 given by

$$V = -y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \quad W = x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$$

Find their flows.

- Do the flows V, W commute?
- If they do commute, find the coordinate function centered at $(1, 0)$ with V, W as the coordinate vector fields.

Question 2

Let $F : \mathbb{R}^n - \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n - \{0\}$ be given by

$$F(x) = \frac{x}{\|x\|^2}$$

where $\|x\|$ is the euclidean norm.

- Find the differential dF_x and show that with respect to it is a composition of a reflection in the plane perpendicular to x followed by a scaling by a factor of $1/\|x\|^2$.
- If ω is the euclidean volume form, find $F^*\omega$.

Question 3

a) Let $F : G \rightarrow H$ be a Lie group homomorphism and let $F_* : \mathfrak{G} \rightarrow \mathfrak{H}$ be the map between the associated Lie algebras of left-invariant vector fields defined by letting $(F_*(X))_e = dF_e(X_e)$.

Show that F_* is a Lie algebra homomorphism.

- State the equivariant rank theorem.
- Prove that $O(n)$ the group of orthogonal linear maps is a manifold and find its dimension.

Question 4

- Give the definition of the integral of an n -form on an oriented n -manifold and show it is well-defined.
- State and prove Stokes Theorem.

Question 5

a) State the Cartan Magic Formula.

b) Let M be a smooth manifold and $i_t : M \rightarrow M \times I$ be the map $i_t(x) = (x, t)$.

Show that $i_0^*, i_1^* : \Omega^*(M \times I) \rightarrow \Omega^*(M)$ are cochain homotopic, i.e., there exists a collection of linear maps $h : \Omega^p(M \times I) \rightarrow \Omega^{p-1}(M)$ such that $h \circ d + d \circ h = i_1^* - i_0^*$.

c) Prove that de Rham cohomology groups are an invariant of homotopy.