A STUDY OF NEW ENGLAND SEISMICITY

Quarterly Earthquake Report

July - September 1998

NEW ENGLAND SEISMIC NETWORK

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NEW ENGLAND SEISMIC NETWORK
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https://www.bc.edu/research/westonobservatory/nesibc98c.html
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Introduction

The New England Seismic Network (NESN) is operated collaboratively by the Weston Observatory (WES) of Boston College and the Earth Resources Lab (ERL) of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The mission of the NESN is to operate and maintain a regional seismic network with digital recording of seismic ground motions for the following purposes: 1) to determine the location and magnitude of earthquakes in and adjacent to New England and report felt events to public safety agencies, 2) to define the crust and upper mantle structure of the northeastern United States, 3) to derive the source parameters of New England earthquakes, and 4) to estimate the seismic hazard in the area.

This report summarizes the work of the NESN for the period July - September 1998. It includes a brief summary of the network's equipment and operation, and a short discussion of data management procedures. A list of participating personnel is given in Table 1. There were 8 earthquakes that occurred within or near the network during this reporting period. Phase information for these earthquakes is included in this report.

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Current Network Operation and Status

The New England Seismic Network currently consists of 11 broadband three-component, 4 short-period vertical, and 8 strong-motion stations. The coordinates of the stations are given in Table 2, and maps of the weak- and strong-motion networks are shown in Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

WES operates 11 stations with broadband instruments consisting of Guralp CMG-40T three-component sensors. Ground motions recorded by these sensors are digitized at 100 sps with 16-bit resolution. Additional gain-ranging provides 126 dB dynamic range. These stations are operated in dialup mode with waveform segments of suspected events transmitted in digital mode to Weston Observatory for analysis and archiving. WES is continuing to upgrade its recording stations with 4 more broadband instruments scheduled for installation in 1999. WES also maintains 8 SMA-1 strong-motion instruments in New England.

ERL at MIT currently operates 4 short-period stations, all located within 100 km of Boston. The short- period instruments have 1.0 Hz L4C vertical seismometers. Data recorded by these seismometers is transmitted continuously in analog mode to ERL and digitized (12-bit) into a PC at 50 sps. Personnel at ERL are in the process of installing a new three-component, high dynamic range instrument at Station WFM. The instrument has a CMG-40T sensor and transmits 3-channel, 24-bit data at 100 sps continuously to a central processor (Pentium PC) at ERL. Waveform windows of suspected events are extracted from the data stream, analyzed and archived. WES and ERL record some stations in analog format on helicorders to provide additional data for analysis.

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Seismicity

There were 8 earthquakes that occurred in or adjacent to the NESN during this reporting period. A summary of the location data is given in Table 3. Figure 3 shows the locations of these events. Figure 4 shows the locations of all events since the beginning of network operation in October, 1975.

Table 4 gives the station phase data and detailed hypocenter data for each event listed in Table 3. In addition to NESN data, arrival time and magnitude data sometimes are contributed for seismic stations operated by the Geological Survey of Canada (GSC), the Lamont-Doherty Cooperative Seismographic Network, and the US National Seismic Network. Final locations for this section were computed using the program HYPO78. For regional events (those too far from the NESN to obtain accurate locations and magnitudes) phase data are given for NESN stations, but the entry in Table 3 lists the hypocenter and geographic location information adopted from the authoritative network.

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Data Management

Recent event locations are available via FTP at: SEISMOEAGLE.BC.EDU. Waveform data are saved in Nanometrics, ASCII, and SEED formats and are available via SEISMOEAGLE.BC.EDU or through personal contact. Earthquake lists can befingered at QUAKE@SEISMOEAGLE.BC.EDU. Weston Observatory maintains two web pages with information about local earthquakes: "http://www.bc.edu:80/bc_org/avp/cas/wesobs/" and "http://seismoeagle.bc.edu/". The latter page is still under construction. Currently available on the seismoeagle web page is the full catalog of northeastern earthquake activity to 1991. This will be updated as new Northeastern U.S. Seismic Network Bulletins are produced.

The entire MIT/ERL earthquake database can be accessed through the World Wide Web using the address "http://www-erl.mit.edu/NESN/homepage.html". For extraction of waveforms (recorded by the MIT stations of the NESN through March 1995) and hypocenter data, use our database search engine. Link to "Seismic Event Server at MIT ERL (SESAME)" and then click on "Interactive query form" under the heading "Custom Materials". Alternatively, the more recent local earthquake data, recorded by the MIT stations, may be accessed by logging in to our anonymous FTP directory ("ftp sunda.mit.edu"). To be added to the list of users permitted to access this FTP directory, contact Charles Doll. The waveform files are in SAC format at both sites. Waveforms are downloaded as a Unix-compressed tar volume from our web-site and as individual, Unix-compressed, station files from our FTP site.

For more information on matters discussed in this report or general earthquake information (reports, maps, catalogs, etc.) consult our web-sites www-erl.mit.edu/NESN and www.bc.edu:80/bc_org/avp/cas/wesobs/ or contact:

Charles Doll
MIT Earth Resources Lab
Explanation of Tables

Table 1: List of personnel operating the NESN

Table 2: List of Seismic and Strong Motion Stations

1. Code = station name
2. Lat = station latitude, degrees north
3. Long = station longitude, degrees west
4. Elev = station elevation in meters
5. Location = geographic location
6. Operator = network operator

Table 3: Earthquake Hypocenter List

1. Date = date event occurred, Yr (year)/Mo (month)/Dy (day)
2. Time = origin time of event, Hr (hour):Mn (minute):Sec (second)
   in UCT (Universal Coordinated Time, same as Greenwich Mean Time)
3. Lat = event location, latitude north in degrees
4. Long = event location, longitude west in degrees
5. Depth = event depth in kilometers
6. Mag = event magnitude
7. Int = event epicentral intensity
8. Location = event geographic location

Table 4: Earthquake detailed hypocenter and phase data list

Table Header: detailed hypocenter data

1. Geographic location
2. DATE = date event occurred, yr/mo/dy (year/month/day)
3. ORIGIN = event origin time (UCT) in hours, minutes, and seconds
4. LAT N = latitude north in degrees and minutes
5. LONG W = longitude west in degrees and minutes
6. DEPTH = event depth in kilometers
7. MN = Nutlri Lg phase magnitude with amplitude divided by period
8. MC = signal duration (coda) magnitude

   WES: 2.23 Log(FMP) + 0.12Log(Dist) - 2.36 (Rosario, 1979)
   MIT: 2.21 Log(FMP) - 1.7 (Chaplin et al., 1980)

9. ML = local magnitude

   WES: calculated from Wood-Anderson seismograms (Ebel, 1982)
   GSC (Geological Survey of Canada): Richter Lg magnitude

10. GAP = largest azimuthal separation, in degrees, between stations
11. RMS = root mean square error of travel time residual in seconds
12. ERH = standard error of epicenter in kilometers
13. ERZ = standard error of event depth in kilometers
14. Q = solution quality of hypocenter

A = excellent
B = good
C = fair
D = poor
Table Body: earthquake phase data

1. STN = station name
2. DIST = epicentral distance in kilometers
3. AZM = azimuthal angle in degrees measured clockwise between true north and vector pointing from epicenter to station
4. Description of onset of phase arrival
   I = impulsive
   E = emergent
5. R = phase
   P = first P arrival
   S = first S arrival
6. M = first motion direction of phase arrival
   U = up or compression
   D = down or dilatation
7. K = weight of arrival
   0 = full weight (1.0)
   1 = 0.75 weight
   2 = 0.50 weight
   3 = 0.25 weight
   4 = no weight (0.0)
8. HRMN = hour and minute of phase arrival
9. SEC = second of phase arrival
10. TCAL = calculated travel time of phase in seconds
11. RES = travel time residual (error) of phase arrival
12. WT = weight of phase used in hypocentral solution
13. AMX = peak-to-peak ground motion, in millimeters, of the maximum envelope amplitude of vertical-component signal, corrected for system response
14. PRX = period in seconds of the signal from which amplitude was measured
15. XMXG = Nutti magnitude recorded at station
16. FMP = signal duration (coda), in seconds, measured from first P arrival
17. FMAG = coda magnitude recorded at station

Table 5: Microearthquakes and other non-locatable events

1. Date = date event occurred, Yr (year)/Mo (month)/Dy (day)
2. Sta = nearest station recording event
3. Arrival Time = phase arrival time, Hr (hour):Mn (minute):Sec (second)

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TABLE 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Network Position</th>
<th>voice phone</th>
<th>email address</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>John E. Ebel</td>
<td>Principal Investigator</td>
<td>617-552-8319</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ebel@bcvms.bc.edu">ebel@bcvms.bc.edu</a></td>
</tr>
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<td>617-552-8300</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Seismic Analyst</td>
<td>617-552-8337</td>
<td><a href="mailto:dannolfo@bcvms.bc.edu">dannolfo@bcvms.bc.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edward Johnson</td>
<td>Project Engineer</td>
<td>617-552-8332</td>
<td><a href="mailto:johnson@bcvms.bc.edu">johnson@bcvms.bc.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patricia Tassia</td>
<td>Administrative Secretary</td>
<td>617-552-8311</td>
<td><a href="mailto:tassia@bcvms.bc.edu">tassia@bcvms.bc.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. Richard Ott, S.J.</td>
<td>Assistant to the Director</td>
<td>617-552-8335</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ottwi@mail1.bc.edu">ottwi@mail1.bc.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weston Observatory</td>
<td></td>
<td>617-552-8300</td>
<td>617-552-8388 (FAX)</td>
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MIT/ERL PERSONNEL

<table>
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<th>email address</th>
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<tr>
<td>M. Nafi Toksöz</td>
<td>Principal Investigator</td>
<td>617-253-7852</td>
<td><a href="mailto:nafi@erl.mit.edu">nafi@erl.mit.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Doll</td>
<td>Research Seismologist</td>
<td>617-253-7863</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Doll</td>
<td>Seismic Analyst</td>
<td>617-253-6290</td>
<td><a href="mailto:doll@erl.mit.edu">doll@erl.mit.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sara Brydges</td>
<td>Administrator</td>
<td>617-253-7797</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sara@erl.mit.edu">sara@erl.mit.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earth Resources Lab</td>
<td></td>
<td>617-253-8027</td>
<td>617-253-6385 (FAX)</td>
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TABLE 2

SEISMIC STATIONS OF THE NEW ENGLAND SEISMIC NETWORK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Lat</th>
<th>Long</th>
<th>Elev (m)</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Operator</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BCX</td>
<td>42.3350</td>
<td>-71.1705</td>
<td>61.0</td>
<td>Chestnut Hill, MA</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BRY</td>
<td>41.9178</td>
<td>-71.5388</td>
<td>380.0</td>
<td>Smithfield, RI</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNH</td>
<td>43.1225</td>
<td>-70.8948</td>
<td>24.0</td>
<td>Durham, NH</td>
<td>MIT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DXB</td>
<td>42.0610</td>
<td>-70.6992</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>Duxbury, MA</td>
<td>MIT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GLO</td>
<td>42.6403</td>
<td>-70.7272</td>
<td>15.2</td>
<td>Gloucester, MA</td>
<td>MIT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HNH</td>
<td>43.7050</td>
<td>-72.2860</td>
<td>180.0</td>
<td>Hanover, NH</td>
<td>WES</td>
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<tr>
<td>MIM</td>
<td>45.2436</td>
<td>-69.0403</td>
<td>140.0</td>
<td>Milo, ME</td>
<td>WES</td>
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<tr>
<td>NH1</td>
<td>43.5473</td>
<td>-71.5743</td>
<td>402.0</td>
<td>Sanbornton, NH</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QUA2</td>
<td>42.2789</td>
<td>-72.3525</td>
<td>168.0</td>
<td>Belchertown, MA</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRY</td>
<td>42.7311</td>
<td>-73.6669</td>
<td>131.0</td>
<td>Troy, NY</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VT1</td>
<td>44.3317</td>
<td>-72.7536</td>
<td>410.0</td>
<td>Waterbury, VT</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WES</td>
<td>42.3850</td>
<td>-71.3220</td>
<td>60.0</td>
<td>Weston, MA</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WFM</td>
<td>42.6106</td>
<td>-71.4906</td>
<td>87.5</td>
<td>Westford, MA</td>
<td>MIT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WVL</td>
<td>44.5648</td>
<td>-69.6575</td>
<td>85.0</td>
<td>Waterville, ME</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YLE</td>
<td>41.3100</td>
<td>-72.9269</td>
<td>9.14</td>
<td>New Haven, CT</td>
<td>WES</td>
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STRONG MOTION STATIONS OF THE NEW ENGLAND SEISMIC NETWORK

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<th>Code</th>
<th>Lat</th>
<th>Long</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Operator</th>
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<tr>
<td>SM1</td>
<td>44.90</td>
<td>-67.25</td>
<td>Dennysville, ME</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SM2</td>
<td>44.49</td>
<td>-73.10</td>
<td>Essex Junction, VT</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SM3</td>
<td>41.45</td>
<td>-71.33</td>
<td>Newport, RI</td>
<td>WES</td>
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<tr>
<td>SM4</td>
<td>42.38</td>
<td>-71.32</td>
<td>Weston, MA</td>
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<tr>
<td>SM5</td>
<td>42.66</td>
<td>-71.30</td>
<td>Lowell, MA</td>
<td>WES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SM6</td>
<td>42.30</td>
<td>-71.34</td>
<td>Natick, MA</td>
<td>WES</td>
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<tr>
<td>SM7</td>
<td>42.39</td>
<td>-71.54</td>
<td>Hudson, MA</td>
<td>WES</td>
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<tr>
<td>SM8</td>
<td>44.48</td>
<td>-69.61</td>
<td>North Vassalboro, ME</td>
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TABLE 3

EARTHQUAKE HYPOCENTER LIST
NEW ENGLAND AND ADJACENT REGIONS
July - September 1998

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Yr/Mo/Dy</th>
<th>Time Hr:Min:Sec</th>
<th>Lat</th>
<th>Long</th>
<th>Depth (km)</th>
<th>Mag</th>
<th>Int</th>
<th>Location</th>
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<tr>
<td>1998/07/07</td>
<td>09:41:42.44</td>
<td>43.2115</td>
<td>-71.6683</td>
<td>.17</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>NH, W of Concord</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998/07/09</td>
<td>01:52:15.30</td>
<td>44.6763</td>
<td>-73.6460</td>
<td>.17</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>NY, W of Plattsburgh</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998/07/15</td>
<td>07:08:05.13</td>
<td>47.0000</td>
<td>-66.6463</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>NB, Miramichi Region</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998/07/30</td>
<td>08:57:24.22</td>
<td>46.2171</td>
<td>-74.7200</td>
<td>34.96</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>PQ, Ste Agathe-des Monts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998/08/24</td>
<td>19:27:35.71</td>
<td>44.0405</td>
<td>-75.8023</td>
<td>1.56</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>NY, Near Watertown</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998/09/05</td>
<td>05:19:56.12</td>
<td>44.3475</td>
<td>-68.6405</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>ME, Near Blue Hill Falls</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998/09/16</td>
<td>07:49:10.63</td>
<td>44.9258</td>
<td>-67.2036</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>ME, Approx 30 km NE of Machias &lt; /td&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998/09/25</td>
<td>19:52:52.48</td>
<td>41.471</td>
<td>-80.483</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>OH,30 km N of Sharon (USGS location )</td>
<td></td>
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TABLE 4

EARTHQUAKE PHASE DATA LIST
NEW ENGLAND AND ADJACENT REGIONS

https://www.bc.edu/research/westonobservatory/nesnbc98c.html
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TABLE 5

MICROEARTHQUAKES AND OTHER NON-LOCATABLE EVENTS

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Date Yr/Mo/Dy</th>
<th>Sta Arrival Time Hr:Mn:Sec</th>
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<td>None recorded this quarter</td>
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NESN Station Map
Figure 1: Map of stations of the New England Seismic Network (NESN) in operation during period July - September, 1998. Also included are the US National Seismic Network stations operating in New England during this period.
Figure 2: Map of strong-motion stations of the New England Seismic Network (NESN) in operation during period July - September, 1998.

NESP Quarterly Seismicity Map
Figure 3: Earthquake epicenters located by the NESN during period July - September, 1998.

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Figure 4: Seismicity for period October, 1975 - September, 1998.
Acknowledgments

We would like to thank the Undergraduate Research Opportunities Program (UROP) of MIT for its support to the network. Our map database has been developed in-house using ARCINFO and in part basemap data provided by ESRI, Inc. (Arcdata Online), USGS GTOPO30 Elevation Data, and TIGER/Line '94, '95, and '97 (US Census Bureau) spatial data.

References

