\$uccessful Start and the Office of Student Services Present:

CREDIT 300: REBUILDING CREDIT

PATH TO GOOD CREDIT

- Credit Counseling
- × Rebuild Credit
 - × Financial Plan
 - × Credit Report
 - × Repayment Plan
- × Develop a Plan
- x Debt Management Options
- × Living Debt-Free

CREDIT COUNSELING

× Agencies

- + Free or very low cost
- + Non-profit
- × Ask
 - + Effect on credit report and score
 - + Can agency help with student loan?
- × You can do what an agency does
 - + You are in control
 - + Less cost

REBUILD CREDIT

× Start a financial plan + Track spending and develop a budget Check your credit report + www.annualcreditreport.com + Review for accuracy Lists accounts needing attention + Debt level + Interest rate + Minimum payment

REBUILD CREDIT

× Add personal statement to credit report

- + Contact each credit agency in writing
- + Explain information
- + Correct inaccuracies
- × Ask for help
 - + Explain situation and your budget constraints
 - + Ask each lender for a new repayment plan
 - + 56% received lower interest rate by asking¹

¹2002 U.S. Public Interest Research group study

DEVELOP A PLAN

× Develop a Repayment Plan

- + Lists debts
- + Prioritize repayment by highest rate or lowest balance
- × Manage Credit
 - + Limit new accounts
 - + Identify and keep most favorable credit card
 - + Consider closing accounts during repayment or when fully repaid

DEVELOP A PLAN

× Identify Past Due Accounts

- + Accounts with late payments
- + Charged-off accounts
- + Collections accounts
- Talk to each past-due company
- Reduce high-balance accounts
- x Don't open new credit accounts
- Close unused accounts

REESTABLISHING CREDIT

- × Secured Credit Card
 - + Credit card is backed by a savings account
 - + Available from credit unions and banks
 - + Look for no fees and reasonable interest rates
- × Co-Signer
 - + Promises to repay your loan if you fail to pay
 - Repayment affects your credit and credit of cosigner
 - + Co-signer must have good credit

DEBT MANAGEMENT OPTIONS

- × Prevent debt
- Work out a repayment plan with lenders
- Make a plan to avoid future debt
 - + Use a budget
 - + Eliminate temptation
 - + Cut up cards and close credit accounts
- × Bankruptcy
 - + Expensive and stressful
 - + Doesn't apply to student loans
 - + Doesn't change behavior

BANKRUPTCY

× Chapter 7

- + Discharge all debt (except student loans)
- + Qualify for Chapter 7 based on income limits
- × Chapter 13
 - + Work out a debt repayment plan
- × Court Decides
 - + Debt repayment amount
 - + Future purchases
- x Can be expensive

CONSEQUENCES OF BANKRUPTCY

× Employment

- + Reduces employment opportunities
- × Auto Insurance Rates
 - + Some insurers raise rates based on credit score
- × Apartment or House Rental
 - + Higher deposits and limited choices
- × Student Loans
 - + Federal and private loans are not dischargeable
- × Future Purchases
 - + More expensive due to higher interest costs

AVOID BANKRUPTCY

Debts	Before Bankruptcy	After Bankruptcy	Added Cost	Additional Earnings Required ¹
Car	\$377	\$530	\$153	\$228
Home	\$1,499	\$2,381	\$882	\$1,316
Credit	\$200	\$250	\$50	\$75
Total	\$2,076	\$3,161	\$1,085	\$1,619

Hourly: \$9.42 Weekly: \$374 Annually: \$19,428

¹Based on income taxes of 33%. Car amount of \$20,000 at 5% interest vs. 20%. Home amount of \$250,000 at 6% interest vs. 11%. Credit amount of \$5,000 at 10% vs. 20%.

LIVING DEBT-FREE

× Discover how your situation developed + Track your expenses for a week or month + Limit and/or reduce debt × Start a financial plan + Make and use a budget Check your credit report to track progress If you have debt, determine for each debt: + Amount owed, interest rate and monthly payment × Work with lenders to repay all debt

TRANSITION SLIDE TITLE



× Slide details